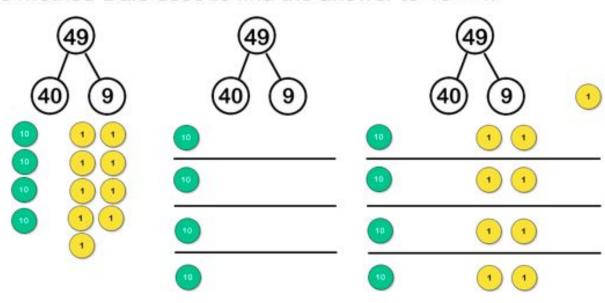
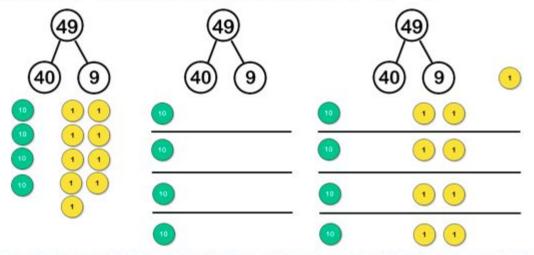
### **Talking Time:**

Describe the method Dale uses to find the answer to 49 ÷ 4.



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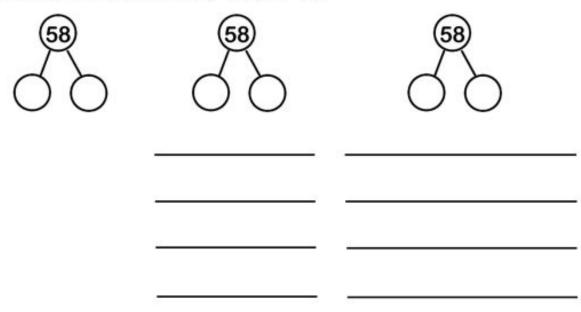


First, Dale partitions 86 into 80 and 6 and then models both parts using place-value counters.

He then divides the tens by 4 ( $40 \div 4 = 10$ ) and divides the ones by 4. He has 1 one remaining at the end, so his answer is 12 remainder 1.

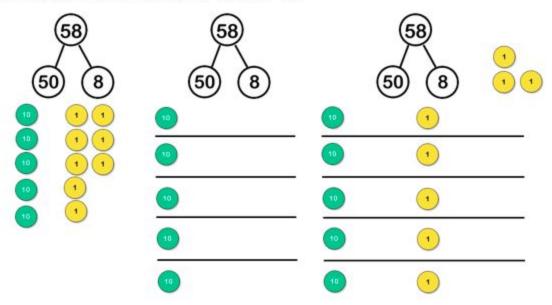
### **Talking Time:**

Use this method to find the answer to 58 ÷ 5.



#### **Talking Time:**

Use this method to find the answer to 58 ÷ 5.



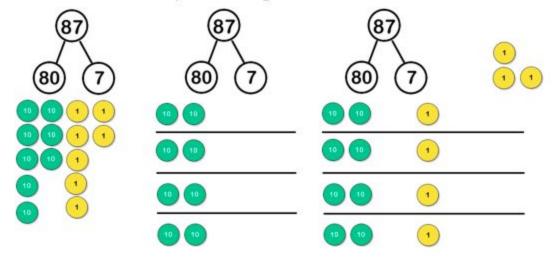
 $s_0$ ,  $58 \div 5 = 11$  remainder 3

### Activity 1:

Use place-value counters and partitioning to find the answer to 87 ÷ 4.

### **Activity 1:**

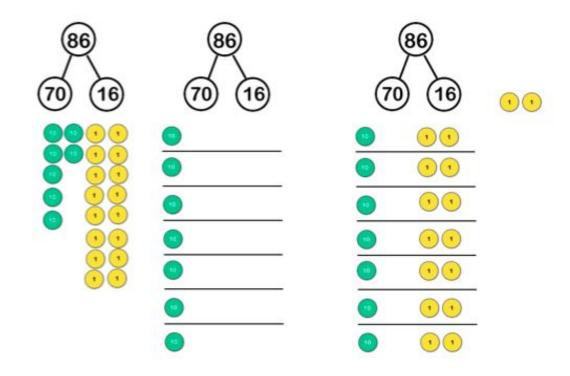
Use place-value counters and partitioning to find the answer to 87 ÷ 4.



so,  $87 \div 4 = 21$  remainder 3

#### Talking Time:

Describe the method Ella uses to find the answer to 56 ÷ 4.



#### Talking Time:

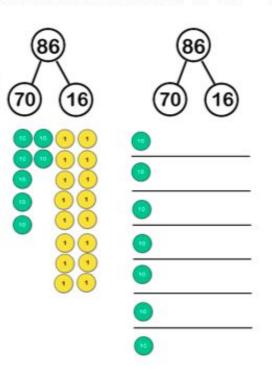
Describe the method Ella uses to find the answer to 56 ÷ 4.

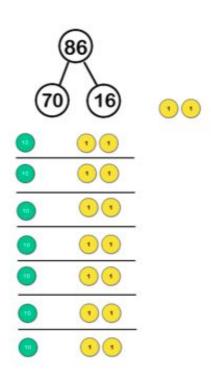
First, Ella partitions 86.

She exchanges so that the number becomes 70 and 16.

She models the partitioned number using place-value counters. Then she divides the tens by 7 and the ones by 7.

She has 2 left over and finds that 86 ÷ 7 = 12 remainder 2.





#### Talking Time:

Charlotte wants to divide 79 by 6.

She says,

I think there is going to be a remainder.

How does Charlotte know this before she has started?

#### **Talking Time:**

Charlotte wants to divide 79 by 6.

She says,

I think there is going to be a remainder.

How does Charlotte know this before she has started?

Charlotte may know this because she knows that all multiples of 6 are even.

79 is an odd number, so there will be a remainder.

Charlotte may also have partitioned 79 into 60 and 19 and she can see that – although 60 divides into 6 easily – the number 19 does not and so there will be a remainder.

### Activity 2:

Sam wants to divide 69 by 5.

He says,

I think there is going to be a remainder of 9 because multiples of 5 end in 0.

Is Sam correct? Explain your answer to a friend.

#### Activity 2:

Sam wants to divide 69 by 5.

He says,

I think there is going to be a remainder of 9 because multiples of 5 end in 0.

Is Sam correct? Explain your answer to a friend.

No. Sam is not correct.

Multiples of 5 also end in 5s and the last multiple of 5 before 69 ends in a 5 not a 0 (it is 65).

So the remainder will be 4, not 9.

69 ÷ 5 = 13 remainder 4.

#### **Activity 3:**

Use partitioning and place-value counters to solve these division calculations.

- a) 53 ÷ 4
- b) 94 ÷ 9
- c) 84 ÷ 6
- d) 43 ÷ 3
- e) 87 ÷ 7

Have a go at these questions using the quiz on Google
Classrooms!

Can you predict which of these calculations will have a remainder? How do you know?